

"Safety Comes First"

Case Department of Occupational and Environmental Safety

April/May
2010

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Eating Food in the Lab: An Illegal Habit

Eating, drinking, chewing gum, applying cosmetics, taking medications or similar activities in laboratories may result in the accidental ingestion of hazardous materials (chemical and biological, biological); therefore these activities are strictly prohibited from all Case Western Reserve University laboratory spaces. Such activities are permitted in an area (defined as a room in floor to ceiling walls and a closed doorway) separated from the laboratory space. If a separate area can only be accessed by going through the laboratory when only covered food or beverage items may be carried through the laboratory. These equipment help to prevent the ingestion of hazardous materials which can oc-

cure by using one's mouth in contaminated hands eating from a container that is contaminated, eating food that has come into contact with hazardous materials accidentally.

In order to reduce the likelihood of ingestion of hazardous materials the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) and Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC have incorporated "No Food or Drink" language into various regulations and safety manuals. Below you will find the applicable regulations.

OSHA Laboratory Standard (29 C.F.R. 1910.1450, Appendix A)
[http://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owadisp.show_document?

p_table=standards &p_id=10107]

(d) Eating, smoking, etc.: Avoid eating, drinking, smoking, gum chewing, or application of cosmetics in research laboratory chemical areas (22, 24, 32, 40); wash hands before conducting these activities (23, 24).

Avoid eating, handling, or consumption of food or beverages in fume hoods or areas which are also used for laboratory operations (23, 24)



Research Laboratory Decommissioning Procedure Checklist

*“All chemical
waste needs
to be*

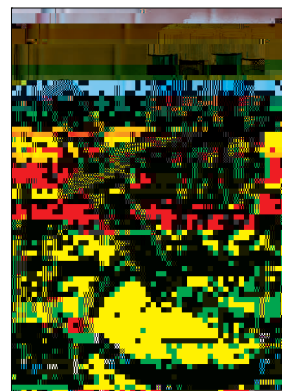


- ◆ Submit Laboratory Decommission notification via e-mail or letter copy to the Assistant Radiation Safety Officer (RSO).
- ◆ Review and annotate the RAD 6 Report hold include dates on the disposition inventory of all personnel, radiation meters and inventory.
- ◆ If applicable, complete and submit Radioisotope Transfer Form to the RSO.
- ◆ Submit list of all radiological areas in the affected laboratory indicate if they

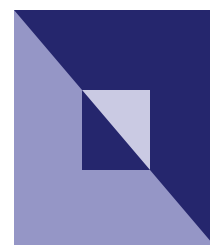


Eating Food in the Lab: An Illegal Habit (con. from page 1)

OSHA Bloodborne Pathogens Standard (29 C.F.R. 1910.1030 (d)(2)(ix) and 1910.1030(d)(2)(x)) [http://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owadisp.show_document?p_table=STANDARDS&p_id=10051]



“Persons must wash their hands after working with potentially hazardous materials and before leaving the laboratory.”



Safe Alternatives to Ethidium Bromide



"The DOES office requires that laboratory personnel collect all ethidium bromide gels in a container and dispose of them as hazardous waste."

In each, making in toxic agents sometimes a necessity with recent technological advances by some each company many of these toxic agents can be used for something that is likely to cause harm. One such example of this comes from InioGen. InioGen has recently been making a product called SYBR® SAFE as a replacement for ethidium bromide in laboratories that conduct gel electrophoresis.

Ethidium bromide is termed a mutagen because of its characteristic as a DNA intercalator meaning that it inserts itself between DNA base-pairs in the double-helix. In order for this to occur the DNA double helix must expand slightly by unbinding, which may lead to errors in normal cellular processes such as DNA replication, transcription, and repair.

Because of the mutagenic hazard associated with ethidium bromide, special care must be taken when working with the chemical and disposing of gels

and solutions containing ethidium bromide. The DOES office requires that laboratory personnel collect all ethidium bromide gels in a container and dispose of them as hazardous waste.

SYBR® SAFE offers a safe alternative to ethidium bromide, and it also does not require the same level of waste management. The alternative does not demonstrate the mutagenic properties of ethidium bromide, and agarose gels containing the material do not need to be treated as hazardous waste. The DOES office asks that the agarose gels are collected in a cardboard box lined with a plastic bag; once the box is filled it can be taped shut and taken by curbside services. No forms are required for the disposal of agarose gels containing SYBR® SAFE.

Please note that this is only for agarose gels containing SYBR® SAFE. Due to the carcinogenic properties of acrylamide, these gels must be collected in a cardboard box lined with a plastic bag;

then disposed of as hazardous waste.

SYBR® SAFE is sold in 400 µL of a 10,000X concentrate, and it costs about \$45.00. This product can be used to make safer electrophoresis run pages using gels before electrophoresis*.

A similar product is available from AMRESCO® called EZ-Vision™, and it is sold as a 6X loading buffer that is added to the DNA prior to loading the gel.

If you have any questions please see the links below or speak with your InioGen or AMRESCO sales representative regarding these products.

InioGen: <http://probes.inioGen.com/media/pismp33100.pdf>

AMRESCO: <http://www.amresco-inc.com/media.acupah=/media/products/df/dfuN650.pdf>

*Special thanks to Eric Atkinson, Laboratory member, for the information regarding SYBR® SAFE.

Upcoming Training Sessions

NOTE: While all laboratories attend training at DOES, laboratories hold specific training in the CHP and ECP as per the actual policy. Laboratories also need an online of the CHP and ECP training and a sign-in sheet to accompany the sign-in sheet and online in the CHP and ECP. It will be asked for during lab inspections

New Hazard Communication (Right-to-Know) Training

Retraining is required annually
DOES Small Meeting Room - Seice Bilding 1st Floor
PREREGISTRATION IS REQUIRED - Please call 368-2907

New Radiation Safety Training

Retraining is required annually
DOES conference room - Seice Bilding 1st Floor
PREREGISTRATION IS REQUIRED - Please call 368-2906

New Laser Safety Training

Retraining is required annually
DOES conference room - Seice Bilding 1st Floor
PREREGISTRATION IS REQUIRED - Please call 368-2906

FOR THE FOLLOWING CLASSES:

- Laboratory Safety Retraining
- Regulated Chemical Retraining
- Hazard Communication (Right-to-Know) Retraining
- Bloodborne Pathogen Retraining
- Radiation Safety Retraining
- Laser Safety Retraining
- Respirator Safety Retraining

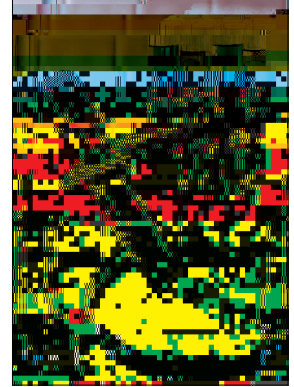
Please train on the Internet at <http://doescas.edu> and click on Training.
Print and fax/mail it to the DOES office.
If training is more than one year old, then you must attend the training class in person and cannot train online.

FOR THE FOLLOWING CLASSES:

- New Laboratory Safety Training
- New Regulated Chemical Training (Formaldehyde, Benzene, Methylene Chloride, Vinyl Chloride, etc.)
- New Bloodborne Pathogen Training
- New Respirator Safety Training
- New BSL-3 Safety Training

Retraining is required annually
DOES Conference Room - Seice Bilding 1st Floor
PREREGISTRATION IS REQUIRED - Please call 368-2907

***THIS IS A TRUNCATED LIST OF OUR OFFERINGS. As always contact us via (<http://doescas.edu>) for a full schedule of training sessions**



Please remember that our updated DOES website provides many resources to meet your safety needs. The DOES website (<http://does.case.edu/>) includes all of the following resources:

- Safety Services Manuals and Forms
- Archived DOES Newsletters
- Training Class Schedules
- Staff Information
- MSDS
- Important Safety Links
- Our Mission Statement
- Contact Information

If you have any questions about our website, please feel free to contact us at ext. 2906/2907



Remember, all back issues of the DOES Newsletter can be found online at <http://does.case.edu>. Simply click on the "Newsletter" link in the left-hand column!